SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE AND MR. GOSCHEN OPPOSE IT-THE VOTE STANDS 176 TO 158 IN FAVOR OF THE MEASURE-INTEREST

IN THE AMERICAN INCOME TAX. London, March 22.- In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Grey, Under Foreign Secretary, announced that the Government had learned officially that all of the Armenian ecclesiastics now in prison would be brought to Constantinople, and all released upon taking an oath guaranteeing

their future good behavior. Alfred Webb, member for West Waterford, asked If it were true that all holders of the United States urities must send to the United States authorities before April 15 returns of their total incomes, under a penalty of 10 per cent additional income tax. Sir Edward Grey said that the announcement which the Foreign Office had caused to be published in "The Gazette" of March 19 gave the law was. As to details, inquirers should communicate with Her Majesty's Consul in New-

In the House of Lords Lord Brassey commented insufficient number of men available for upon the insummerent hathber of men available for maining the navy, and proposed that the naval reserve be raised to 50,000 men. Although, he said, the navy was never so well prepared as it is at present, the margin for waste is not sufficient, and is far behind that of the French navy. Earl Spencer, First Lord of the Admiralty, agreed with Lord Brassey that it was necessary to strengthen the reserve, so as to be ready for the waste of war. The Admiralty Committee will soon present a report dealing with the question.
William Allan, Radical Commoner for Gateshead.

moved this evening in the House that the member ceive payment for their services. He reminded the House that a similar resolution was passed in nithough no subsequent action had been taken. The country would not object, he said, to the small additional taxation necessary to cover members' sal-aries. Sir H. Stafford Northcote, Conservative for Exeter, offered an amendment to the effect that further burdens should not be imposed on the na-

Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said the payment of members was the logical outcome of the extension of the suffrage. The House was now too much of one class. He repudiated the suggestion that the payment of members would lead to corruption and the election of unfit men. Democracy might be trusted, he said to prevent such evils. The proposal was wise and expedient, and its execution would confuce to the honor of the House, the promised to advance it in every way possible.

TWENTY-EIGHT RISHERMEN DROWNED. A TERRIBLE STORM SWEEPS LAKE KUMMEROW -HEAVY FLOODS IN SILESIA.

Berlin, March 22.-A terrific storm has swept over Lake Kummerow, in Pomerania, in which a number of fishing boats were swamped and twenty-eight fishermen were drowned.

Floods prevailing in the Glogau District of Prus sian Silesia have inundated the towns of Ohlan, Zedlitz and Kottwitz.

THE QUEEN SUMMONS CASTILLO. APPARENTLY UNABLE TO ARRANGE WITH SA GASTA FOR A NEW CABINET-DIFFICUL-TIES DESET THE WAY.

Madrid, March III.-The Queen Regent received Señor Sagasta several times to-day, but was unable to arrange with him for a new Cabinet. She ther summoned Canovas del Castillo.

Some days may elapse before the new Spanish Ministry is formed. Meanwhile the Sagasta Minstill in office. General Martinos Campo strongly favors suspending the Constituti permitting the journalists who have attacked the army and navy to be tried by military court martial, on the ground that their offence is high treason, and ought not for that reason to be brought before the courts. Just here the difficulty lies, for the purpose of the new Ministry would be fully discussed and would provoke sharp criticism from such of the Deputies as are not favorable so arbitrary a proceeding. If the Cortes were no

on arbitrary a processing. In session it would be comparatively easy to carry out General Campos's views.

When the new Ministry is formed General Martinos Campos, it is understood, will take the partfolio of War rather than the Premiership. He is new the Commander-in-Chief of the Spanish Armies and the Governor-General of Madrid, and is more of a soliler than a politician. He has the support of the army and the full confidence of the care.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DECREE HE COMMEMORATES THE BIRTH OF HIS GRAND FATHER BY ANNOUNCING HIS DESIGN FOR A LIBERAL PENCION POLICY.

Berlin, March 32.-The decree which it was an nounced yesterday would be issued by the Kaise upon the occasion of the ninety-eighth birthday of Emperor William I was promulgated to-day. The decree is addressed to Chancelor Hohenlohe, who is charged to formulate and submit to the Reichstag proposals based upon His Majesty recommendations, and also to execute the detail of the measure. After eulogizing the reign of his grandfather, the Emperor expresses his recognition of the necessity and justice of making some provision for the men who under the old Emperor staked their lives and health for the Fatherland In pursuance of the course indicated, His Majest; expresses a desire that all officers, surgeons, offi cials and men of the army and navy who, in con sequence of wounds received in 1870 and 1871, or by reason of other injuries received at other times while in the service, lost their claim to a second year's active service in the computation of their pensions shall have the difference made up to them. The Emperor also recommends that the non-commissioned officers and men who honorably participated in the war of 1879-71, or in the wars of the German States prior to 1879, and who are now needy, be provided with assistance, as he

now heedy, he provided with assistance, as he earnestly wishes to manifest the gratitude of the Father and toward such men.

The Emperor and the Empress paid a visit to the maysoleum of Kaiser William I to-day, to show their respect for his memory upon the an-niversary of his birth. In honer of the occasion there was also a memorial eer nony in the Gnaden-kirche, the splendor of which, lowever, was marred by the unceasing heavy fah, of rain.

FLIGHT OF THE GUAYAQUIL GOVERNOR. Panama, March 14.-"The Star and Herald" of

this date publishes the following:

An iquique telegram says that the South American steamer Lautaro brings the news of the flight of the Governor of Guayaquil, Don Placido Camano, who is implicated in the Esmeralda business. He is supposed to have gone to Panama. A public meeting was held in Guayaquil, and resolutions were passed requesting the President and his Ministers to resign. The press supported the resolutions. "Young Ecuador" in Quito was inciting the army to revolt. The Court of Guayaquil was investigating the Esmeralda affair. this date publishes the following:

PREPARATIONS FOR A ROYAL WEDDING. Paris, March 22.—The "Figuro" says that the marriage of the Duke of Aosta to Princess Heleno of Orleans will take place in Turin in April. The wedding will be solemnized with great pomp in the weeding will be soleminged with great points in the presence of the members of the Italian royal family, the French representatives of royalty the Queen of Portugal, Princess Marie, wife of the Danish Prince Waldemar, and others.

Rome, March 22.—Numerous stories are current

here regarding the arrangements for the wedding of the Duke of Aosta and Princess Helene of Orcans. The latest one is that it will be solemnized a Stowe House, England, and that King Humbert, Queen Margaret and the Prince of Naples will be sent. It is said that the King and Queen will go





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chiefly to visit Queen Victoria, and will be accompanied by Premier Crispi and Baron Blanc, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

THE MAGNATES PASS THE BILL. THEY STRIKE OUT OF THE MEASURE, HOWEVER, AN IMPORTANT CLAUSE - PRESIDENT D'OKANY'S DECISIVE VOTE.

Budapest, March 22.-The House of Magnates today voted upon the question of the second reading of the Religious Freedom bill. The result was at first a tie. Then President Szlavy d'Okany gave the casting vote in favor of the bill, and its second reading was passed. After passing the bill to a reading was passed. After passing the Bill to a second reading, the Magnates, by a vote of 125 to 118, eliminated the clause including within the benefits of the bill persons professing no religious belief. The Magnates finally passed the rest of the bill, including the clause which authorizes the recognition of all religious sects not inimical to the public interests. The lower house will restore the stricken clauses and send the bill back.

The adverse vote of the higher house of the Hungarian Diet will delay for some weeks the final and entire solution of the religious question in the Magyar kingdom. But the Magnates will agree in the end with the lower house in regard to the no religious belief, as they agreed after a long fight to vote the ecclesiastical bills relative to mixed marriages and the establishment of a civil register for births and deaths. This seems to be a forethat half of the high chamber voted in favor of the noxlous clause in it was eliminated merely by eight votes. It is true that, in a recent consistory, the Pope expressed his regret at the adoption of the ecclesiastical bills, and the Magnates feel that they will increase the dissatisfaction of Leo XIII through their approval of the clause placing free-thinkers on the same level as persons belonging to some religious seet. But the Magnates are not all Roman Catholies; the minority among them profess Protestantism and Greek Orthodoxy.

Moreover, they cannot have forgotten the dangers to public order and the injuries of all kinds which the everlasting discussion of the ecclesiastical bills have brought upon Humgary during more than a year. The Magnates are patriots before heing religious devotees, and they are aware of the fact that their country is disturbed processity by internal dissensions of a more important character than those concerning the status of a few Hungarians professing no religious belief. Those dissensions actually place in danger the maintenance of the Gamous act of 1851, which created the dualistic empire, and united Hungary to Austria upon the constitutional basis of Hungarian autonomy. Motions are made in the lower house at Budapest, the adoption of which might lead to a runture of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Count Albert Apnony, the leader of the mational party, felivered a ferminght ago, amid the applause of the chamber, a speech retterating that his party claimed more energetically than ever before the adeption of the Magyar instead of the German language in the Hungarian regiments, and the creation of a Magyar military academy. The Emperor would never conjent to the Pope expressed his regret at the adoption of asunder the unity of the Austrian Imperial Army

WAYLAID AND KILLED BY CHITRALIS. BEITISH LIEUTENANT AND FORTY-SIX SIKH SOLDIERS LEFT DEAD ON THE FIELD-THE OUTEREAK IN THE HINDOO-KOOSH.

Calcutta, March 22-News was received here to-lay of the defeat of a Sikh Company under Lieuenant Ross by Chitralis. Lieutenant Ross and sixty Sikhs were marching to reinforce the troops at Reshon. The natives, who were behind breast eventually hemmed them in on all sides. There were bout 1,000 natives, all firing steadily upon the Sikhs. Ross, forty-six Sikh soldiers and eight camp folowers were left dead on the field. force escaped. Another relief force will be started for Resign with all haste.

several complications which have arisen in the last Umra, the Khan of Janiol, British expedition was coming to expel him from the attacks from that chief. The Chitrall troops ognize Sher Afgu as their rater in preference Ameer Ulmulk, who proclimed himself Rajah.

STRONG ANTI-FEDERATION FEELING. SEPECULTIES IN THE WAY OF THE ANNEXA TION OF NEWFOUNDLAND GROWING-SENTI-

MENT THROUGHOUT CANADA. Quebec, March 22.-The difficulties in the way of the annexation of Newfoundland to Canada seem to be on the increase. The present Tory Government of the Dominion is doubtless anxious to promote he union prior to the coming general elections in have a voice therein and increase the strength of But the islanders, fully aware of this anxiety, are demanding better terms for themselves than were at first even dreamed of. The consequence is tha here is a growing feeling of discontent all ove lanada at the idea of taking in the bankrupt colony

Its possession by Canada would bring with it not only its financial difficulties, but the fishery dispute with France, which, under antiquated treaty provi-sions, claims rights upon a portion of the island coast that are a source of constant friction. Then tart for Ottawa to try to arrange terms of union tunnel the straits of Belle Isle in order to give the island other rall connection with the Dominion The people of the island declare that this would con for special advantages upon Canada. It would reduce the sea voyage to England by about one third, and render it possible to convey passengers from Montreal to Liverpool in 105 hours. At the point where it is proposed the tunnel be built the straits are about twelve and one-half miles wide, undertaking. If this is not accepted as one of the terms of confederation, it is to be proposed as an alternative that the island failway be completed to Belle Isle, and that a ferry be maintained on the straits to make connection with a rallway to Quebec. The adoption of either of these schemes would involve the expenditure by the Dominion of millions appear millions of odolars, possibly more than the whole of the heavily mortgaged island is worth.

The only direct advantage claimed for Canada by the Dominion Government organ in the proposed union is the prospective increase in the exports from Canada to Newfoundland, to follow the aboltion of duty between the two countries. It is pretended that American trade with the island would be practically extinguished, and that the bulk of the commerce, now amounting to \$1,655,600 a year, representing United States exports to Newfoundland, would be done by Canada.

St. John's, N. F., March 22 (Special).—The physicians' builletin to-day says that Mr. Whiteway is improving, but is still extremely weak. The Hon. Iternative that the island railway be completed to

improving, but is still extremely weak. The Hon Robert Bond had an interview of half an hour with the Premier in his sickroom, by the doctors' permission. It is understood that Mr. Bond and his colleagues will start for Ottawa next Tuesday. They have not invited the Opposition to join the deputation, and this fact is much regretted. The "Anti-Confederates," who are holding public meetings, are making desperate efforts to prejudice the masses against confederation. Murray, Bowers, Gosling and Knowling are the Opposition leaders. Scaling news is decidedly favorable from both the West and North. Steamers seen at Partridge Point in ice are taking seals rapidly, and a big seal fishery is probable. he Premier in his sickroom, by the doctors' per

A NOTED BULL-FIGHTER FATALLY GORED City of Mexico, March 22.-Word has been received of the fatal goring at Cullicam, State of Sinaloa, of Ponsiano Diaz, the most famous bullfighter in Mexico and Empresario of the Bucarell builring in this city. He was gored in the groin and badly trampled. Demoterio Rodriguez, who was lately killed in a similar way at Durango, was an old associate of Dlaz.

NEW POST FOR BARON SAURMA-JELTSCH Berlin, March 22.-The "Kreuz Zeitung" announces that Baron von Saurma-Jeltsch, German Ambassador at Washington, is to succeed Prince Radolin, German Ambassador to Turkey. The "National Zeitung" says that Freiherr von Thielmann, Prussian Minister to Bayaria, will suc-ceed Baron von Saurma-Jelisch in Washington.

Washington, March 22.-The report from Berlin Baron von Saurma-Jeltsch is to be transferred to Constantinople cannot be confirmed at

the German Embassy. His name has recently been mentioned in connection with some other post, and it was thought at one time that Count Herbert Bismarck would be sent to Washington as his successor. A transfer will not surprise the Ambassador. l cessor.

JAPAN MOVES AGAIN. THIS TIME HER TROOPS GET ONE OF THE ISLANDS OF THE PESCADORE GROUP-HER

CONTINUED AGGRESSIVENESS. London, March 22 .- A dispatch to "The Pall Mall Gazette" says the Japanese are making an attack upon the Pescadore Islands, and have already taken are situated between Formosa and the Chinese

Washington, March 22.-No special significance is attached here to the reported action of the Japanese fleet in taking possession of Fisher Island, one of the largest of the Pescadore group. These islands as has been stated, belong to China, and lie be tween Formosa and the mainland of China. The have no importance commercially, and are useful only for strategic purposes. They will be taken in pursuance of Japan's policy of pushing her aggres sions against China until an armistice or peace has been declared.

The fact that the war party in Japan strongly discourages any suggestion of peace between the two nations is regarded as not likely to affect the two nations is regarded as not likely to affect the pending negotiations. The war party in the Empire, it is true, is large and influential, and it is well represented. But the Emperor has signified its willingness to make peace with China upon certain conditions, and the plenipotentiaries on both sides are now engaged upon the negotiations. Japan is committed to peace if it can be arranged on terms satisfactory to herself, as now seems probable. The war party, it is said, will have no influence in continuing war a moment longer than the exigencies of the case demand.

London, March 22—"The Times" correspondent

London, March 22.- "The Times" correspondent in Peking says: "Minister Chang Hang recently had three audiences with the Emperor. He has Chang's work. A new request is being addressed

Chang's work. A new request is being addressed to the European powers to intervene and procure an immediate peace.

"The Times" corerspondent in Tien-Tsin mentions a report that telegrams from the Chinese peace envoys in Simonoseki to Peking are intercepted by Japanese officials. The correspondent in Hong-Kong says there is a rebellion in Muluk and the nearby towns in the southwestern part of Kwang-Tung. The rebels repulsed a punitive expedicion from Canton with a heavy loss. It is now intended to bestege Mulluk.

Hong-Kong. March 22.-Advices have been reeived here declaring that two of Her Majesty warships recently had a narrow escape from disaster. While the British squadron was weighing anchor in the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei, during a fierce gale, a heavy sea swept over the fore-castle of the flagship Centurion, sweeping off and frowning a seaman named Edwards. During the

SPANISH-AMERICAN TOPICS.

The perusal of the Argentine papers of last Feb ruary confirms the cable dispatches to the effect that the press, as well as the Jovernment and decision of Mr. Cleveland concerning the though it was not favorable to them. On receiving the dispatch from Wasnington, "La Prensa" and "La Nacion," among the most important organs of Buenos Ayres, declared that the decision had been against their country, despite all the efforts made,

Minister to Venezuela, foresaw that the claver

The "treaty of peace and friendship." mala on November 17 has been approved by the Assembly of the Central American Republic.

It is known that in most of the Spanish-American Republics the custom is to elect several Vice-Presidents to succeed the chief of the State in case of dents to succeed the only of the Cresidents are his death or overthrow. These Vice-Presidents are known by the name of "Designados," first, sec-ond and third. In Handuras the three "Designados, have been elected according to the constitutional forms, in the following order. Sellores Dionisio Guiderez, Juan-Angel Arias and Mignel B. Dávila.

Some local troubles have occurred at Buena Esperanza, in Chin. The people of that locality have risen against the Administrator or account of his interference in a criminal case. More than too persons attacked and burned the Administration Building, and troops had to be called. No one was killed in the short drift which took place, but it is estimated that the fire caused losses to the amount of nearly \$19,000.

In Nicaragua a Vice-President of the Republic was recently elected by popular vote. His name is Don Francisco Baca, and he is at the same time a doctor and a general. His term of office will end on February 1, 1838.

On the occasion of the latest anniversary of the battle of Caseros, which overthrew the oppressors of Spanish America, President Wiarte Borda, of Uruguay, forwarded a telegram of congratulation to the Presidents of Brazil and Argentina. He re-minded them that at Caserol, "the Argentines, Brazillars and Orientales, or Uruguayans, had she's their blood in common for the triumph of liberty and the re-establishment of truly republican insti-tutions in that portion of our South America, thus tutions in that portion of our South America, thus contributing to confirm and consolidate the friendly relations between the three sister Republics. Presidents Moraes and Uriburu respectively in the name of Brazil and Argentina sent a cordial answer to their Presidential colleague at Montevideo. This demonstration may exercise great influence over the future of those three South American countries so often represented as Jealous of each other.

Chili and the Argentine Republic. On the occasion of the recent sailing from Buenos Ayres of General Korner, who was sent to Germany to enlist Ger man officers and non-commissioned officers to serve as instructors in the Chillan army, a newspaper exfor Argentina Other papers, however, hastened to declare that the alleged danger was quite imagi-nary. They added that the Buenos Ayres Govern-ment could take the same military measures as Chill, if it chose to do so, and that, at any rate, the Santiago Government had called upon European military men to instruct her army even before her war with Peru and Boliva, 1879-1881.

A LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS IN DISORDER. Phoenix, Ariz., March 22.-The eighteenth Territorial Legislature adjourned at 1 o'clock this morning amid scenes of great disorder. All day and for a part of the night there was a bitterly contested fight over the formation of Navajo County, in the northeastefn part of the Territory. The advocates of the measure succeeded in forcing the bill through at 10 o'clock, after which the Appropriation bill was taken up in the House. This was delayed to kill the chances of the removal of the penitentiary from Yuma to Prescott. The House bill had a clear majority and had passed the upper house, but it was not allowed to appear, action o the Appropriation bill being delayed till after I: the Appropriation but being detayed in after a o'clock, at which time the Legislature lapsed through limitation. Nearly all the Territorial institutions and officers are thus left without funds for the coming two years. Lawyers agree that the only remedy lies in an extra session, which can be only called by Congress next December.

A LOCAL REPUBLICAN CLUB INCORPORATED Albany, March 22.-The Murray Hill Republican Club of New-York City, organized for social puroses, was incorporated with the Secretary of State to-day. The trustees are W. N. Hoag, Samuel Will-iamnon, James C. Johnson, Frank M. Hale, Charles Wandres, Louis Goldsmith and William F. Haggerty, of New-York City.

NUERASKA LINCHERS IN THE TOILS.

Butte, Neb., March 22.-Sheriff Standiford and wasse arrived from O'Neill last night with George D. Mullihan, Frederick Harris, Mose Ellfott, "Mert" D. Mu. man, Frenerick Harris, Mose Elliott, "Mert" Roy, James Pinkerman, Harry Stanton and August Oberle, the alleged lynchers of Treasurer Scott. A swarm of attorneys and bondsmen came with them. The prisoners were taken before the County Judge and were bound over for trial in bonds of \$5,000 each. The local Vigl.ance Committee patrolled the town all night, but there was no occasion for its services.

Apollinaris "THE QUBEN OF TABLE WATERS."

NOW SUPPLIED IN "SPLITS."

Ask for "Splits" at the Restaurants and Bars.

LEPROSY NOT CONTAGIOUS.

DR. NEWTON SAYS IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE EVEN TO INOCULATE A HEALTHY AMERICAN. Dr. Robert Safford Newton, of No. 163 East Sixeenth-st., the examiner in lunacy at the District-Attorney's office, says that it is absolutely unneces sary to have any excitement about the recent leprosy There is always more or less of it in New York, he says, Leprosy, Dr. Newton says, is not only not contagious in the latitude of New-York, but it would be absolutely impossible even to inoculate a healthy American with it. He says further that it is not believed among the best-informed medical men that leprosy is spread by infection. The attention believe that leprosy is propagated, not by contagion, but by germs which flourish only in such climates and under such conditions as are afforded n Cuba, China and the Eastern islands.

The French physician, Andréaux, who conducted experiments and closely studied the disease in the Sandwich Islands, once succeeded in getting the Government there to allow him to ascertain the properties of propagation in leprosy by inoculating given to criminals about to undergo the death penalty of being decapitated at once or receiving a pardon if they survived the effects of inoculation. Not one instance of successful inoculation was reled. Leprosy, like berri-berri, or, as the Japanes it, kake, which works such havoc in the Philip Islands, is not a contagious but an inherent dis

A MOVE AGAINST THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. is shortly to be made through the courts. Ex-So-

A PRESETTERIAN BOARD CRITICISED.

Detroit, Mich., March 22 - At to-Lay's session of

FACTORY GIRLS IN A PANIC.

A THEATRE HAT BULL IN MAINE. Augusta, Me., March 22 - A bill was introduced in the House to-day making it a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment for women to wear large hats at places of public amusement.

MINERS THREATEN TO STRIKE. Newcastle, Penn., March 22 - At a mass meeting of 1,000 Beaver Vailey miners yesterday it was decided that unless the old scale of wages was re-stared a strike would be ordered Saturday. The miners are getting Stand & cents a ton, and want the old rates of 60 and 10 cents.

GREEK LETTER COMPADES AT DINNER. The fourth annual dinner of the Nu Epsilon Chap ter of the Pht Gamma Belta was held last night at the Arena, in Thirty-first-st, Among the col-leges represented were Cornell, Yale, Columbia, College of the City of New-York, Amberst, Lafayette, Lehigh, Colgate, North Carolina, Trinity and Pennsylvania, Harry W. Brown was chalrman and the committee assisting him comprised W. P. Hadwen, jr., Antonie P. Volslawsky, Frank W. Darling and P. S. Russell. The toastmaster was Frank Keek, "Our Fraternity" was responded to by Edward F Cole; "Nu Epsilon," by J. Emil Walscheld, "Athletics," by Harry W. Brown, "Out Sister Chapters," by themselves, "Reminiscences," by Antonie P Volslawsky, "The Fiji Girl," by Charles G. Wheeler, "The Grand Chapter, by Charles A Watson, "Our Purpose," by Edgar D Shimer, and "Our Alumni," by Norman W. Crosby



ADJOURNMENT AT TRENTON.

A CHARGE OF ATTEMPTED BRIBERY EN-LIVENS THE CLOSING SESSION.

THE LEGISLATURE TO MEET AGAIN ON JUNE TO HEAR THE REPORT OF THE VOORHEES

COMMITTEE AND CONSIDER VETOES-A

BUSY, USEFUL AND ECONOMI-CAL RECORD MADE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Trenton, March 22.-The 119th session of the New-Jersey Legislature practically came to a close tonight, having passed a concurrent resolution this afternoon to take a recess until June 4, when the lawmakers will return for the purpose of receiving he report and acting upon any recommendations which the Voorhees Investigating Committee may deem it necessary to make. The Voorhees Committee will continue the work of exposing the rascality of the old political ring, the next sitting of the committee taking place to-morrow. The session closed amid the rush and bustle which

usually characterize such an occasion, and by way of variation Mr. Storrs, leader of the House, sprung a big sensation on the members. This was at the evening session, for, although the clock pointed to the hour of 5:45 when the members of the House took a recess for luncheon and the hour for adjournment was fixed for 6 o'clock, the legislators did not complete their work until far into the night. The bill appropriating \$5,000 for the Trenton Battle Monument, which was lost on Thursday, was up on reconsideration. Mr. Storrs was opposed to the bill on Thursday, and when the Mercer delegation attempted to push it to-night, Mr. Storrs again took the floor and declared that he had been offered \$250 to support the bill. Instantly a dozen members were on their feet to demand an explanation. Names were demanded, but Mr. Storrs declined to give Messrs. Gruber, Robertson, Ginder and Elsele spoke, and Mr. Storrs was importuned to divulge the name of the would-be briber. The explanation was made that the monument was built by contributions from the National Government and the sev eral States, and it was asked who could be so leeply interested in the passage of the bill appropriating the money necessary for the completion of the nonument. Mr. Storrs relterated his charge and delined to give the name, even after a motion had een made that the attention of the Voorhees Comnittee be called to the matter. The appropriation

The Legislature passed nearly 100 bills to-day, and the Governor signed ninety-six new laws. When the final break-up came, Assemblyman Olcott in a neat speech presented Speaker Cross with a valuable gold watch, "the gift of every member of this House," he assured the Speaker. In the course of his speech Mr. Olcott nominated Speaker Cross for Law Judge of Union County. The employes presented to Ser-geant-at-Arms Watson a watch. The Democratic and Republican Senators joined in thanking Presiient Stokes for his uniform courtesy.

During the session there have been 502 bills inreduced and considered in the House and 334 were introduced in the Senate. Of this number the Senate passed 205 and the House about 200. Nearly all the bills passed will become laws. In the whole number not a single political bill was passed, many useless office were abolished, salaries have been reduced and appropriations have been "fairly slaughtered," as ne Assemblyman put it to-night. The Incidental bill carries but \$7,000 this year, this being about \$4,000 less than last year and about \$10,000 less than that of the Democratic Legislature of 1892. It is estimated that the total appropriations this year, including those for the new wing of the State Prison and the Reformatory, will show a decrease over last year of nearly \$250,000. When Speaker 'ross took the chair this morning he found before him a mammoth floral piece of exquisite design. Judge Cross is probably the most modest states man that has occupied the Speaker's chair in th ast dozen years, and it is conceded by all that he has made one of the best Speakers during that Even the small Democratic minority have apressed their appreciation of the many courtesies hown them during the session. It was at the suggestion of the Democratic minority that the beautial floral piece was placed upon the Speaker's desk The Speaker feelingly expressed his thanks.

There was a stirring scene in the House this fternoon over the Drake Track Elevation bill. The Hudson Assemblyman reintroduced the mease yesterday after his substitute had been killed. The original bill leaves it to the courts to decide when a company is sufficiently well off financially cost of elevating the tracks should the plea of poverty be raised. Mr. Drake, in the course of his remarks, stated that the lobbyist for he Eric Railroad had agreed to the terms of the measure, and had, five minutes after this agree nent, walked over to his (Drake's) desk and had

Mr. Zabriskie remarked that the Hudson mempers seemed to have the track elevation mania had. "This bill is unwise, because it gives the men who compose the Jersey City Board of Works the ower to decide too many points,"

Mr. Drake objected to the Bergen man's remarks. Mr. Storrs took the floor and in a strong speech irged the passage of the measure. The bill passed

In the Senate to-day the glass manufacturers of South Jersey made a determined effort to defeat the bill abelishing the store-order system. The bill

The bill compelling Boards of Freeholders in firstlass counties to keep in repair macadamized roads ities has passed both houses. The Oleomargarine bill, which kept the Senate in

session until 1:30 o'clock this morning, passed the Senate to-day with an additional amendment, making the fraudulent sale of the product a misde neanor. It was passed in the House to-night The bill providing for the appointment of a com-mission, to consist of William H. Corbin, James E.

Howell and H. M. Snyder, to revise the corporation aws of the State, has passed both Houses. commissioners are to serve without compensation. The following Senate resolution was concurred

in by the House:
Resolved, The House of Assembly concurring, this Legislature do take a recess from Friday, this 22d day of March Inst., at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, to Tuesday, the 4th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive a report of the special committee appointed by the Senate and act upon such recommendations, if any, as then may be made by them and consider pending vetoes of the Governor if any, and for the transaction of no other business.

Senator Voorhees this afternoon introduced a bill retaining the principle of the field Beard of Arbitration etaining the principle of the old Board of Arbitration and repealing Mr Storrs's bill abolishing the board. The measure was promptly passed under a suspen-

Prank Rock. "Our Fraterity" was responded to be Edward F Cole. "Nu Epanton," by J. Emil Walsched. "Athletics." by Harry W. Hrown; "Our Stater I Agnetic." by themselves. "Reminiscence," by themselves. "Reminiscence," by Charles A. Watson. "Our Puriose." by Edward is Charles A. Watson. "Our Puriose." by Edward is Shimer, and "Our Numm," by Norman W. Crosby.

COMMITTED TO THE TOMES FOR FORGERY.
Charles Shaw, a young man living at the corner of Chesturi and Liberty sts. Brookin, was arrested yesterday by Detective-Sergeant Formosa on a warrant charzing him with forgers in the second degree. Shaw's offence consists in the aliesed fors, no for the state of the second of the second

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supervision of the Commissioners of Banking and Insurance passed both houses. Senator Daly ex-plained that the bil would prevent Italian bankers from fleecing their countrymen. Governor Werts's veto of the Married Woman's Rights act was over-riden and a measure of interest to Newark was

NO SIGNS OF SOLOMON H. MANN. Loretta Hannigan, the young woman who is dying from the criminal operation which she alleges was performed upon her, by Dr. Henry B. Pettengill, was still in a serious condition last night. The po-lice are searching high and low for Solomon H. statement, was responsible for the operation. Assistant District-Attorney Hennessy called at the home of Miss Hannigan last evening, and was closeted with the family for over an hour. He said he was acting under orders of Assistant District-Attorney Davis, and refused to disclose the nature of his visit. He cautioned the members of the fam-ily against talking on the subject.

LIFE-SAVERS TO BE DISMISSED.

Long Branch, N. J., March 22-Superintendent Kimball, of the Life Saving Department, has notified all of the captains of the forty-two life-saving stations on the New-Jersey coast that after April 30 the seventh man at each station will be dismissed. This will make forty-two men discharged, making a saving of \$2,730 a month to the Government.